DISC Tips HOW YOU TALK WITH A "D"

What is a "D"? – Dominant

They are driven by results, competitive, logical & decisive

How to Spot a "D":

Coversations: Charges right into issue. Example: "Market's going down, how are you?" Pace: Fast & abbreviated. Example: "Susan? Dan. Bob there?" Tone: All business, confident, demanding. Focus: Solve problems...quickly! Power Cues: They determine time & place. Example: "I'll call you at 3:00 PM tomorrow."

How to Talk with a "D":

Approach: ABC's – Be Abridged, Brief & Concise.
Wants to Know: What it does, by when, and what it costs.
Pace: Maintain fast pace or be perceived as incompetent.
Provide: Options & supportive analysis.
Save Them Time: Be efficient & help them accomplish their goals.



HOW YOU TALK WITH AN "I"

What is an "I"? – Interactive They are idea & people oriented, persuasive & animated

How to Spot an "I":
Conversation: Opens with informal message.
Example: "What's up?!" or "What's happening?!"
Pace: Spontaneous, speaks rapidly.
Example: "I have a great idea for the business, oh, and did you receive my email about my fantastic vacation?"
Tone: Enthusiastic, optimistic, inspirational.
Focus: Builds alliances, generates ideas. Talks & listens in feeling terms.
Power Cues: Prestigious awards on wall. Loves to talk on phone.
Example: "I just called because I'm bored…"

How to Talk with an "I":

Approach: Wants YOU to be stimulating.
Wants: Admiration, recognition & compliments.
Pace: Conversational, playful, upbeat.
Provide: Incentives for performance. Support their ideas, goals, opinions & dreams.
Example: "What a great idea!"
Save Them Time: Dealing with details, if possible.





DISC Tips HOW YOU TALK WITH AN "S"

What is an "S"? - Steady

They are relationship oriented, team focused & consistent

How to Spot an "S":

Conversation: Opens with a personal greeting.
Example: *"Hi there Susan, how are you today? How are those lovely kids?"*Pace: Methodical, process-driven, contemplative.
Tone: Friendly, compassionate & soft-spoken.
Focus: Relationships, natural listeners.
Example: *"Joe, if you need help on that report, just let me know."*Power Cues: Family photos, mementos & serene artwork.

How to Talk with an "S":

Approach: Non-threatening, want s to know something personal about you first.
 Wants: To know where they fit into the group & that their work matters.
 Pace: Give them time to prepare.
 Example: "We will be reviewing department changes 2 months from now on June 29th."

Provide: A secure environment with as little surprises as possible.

Save Them: Embarrassment. Prefer quiet one-on-one recognition rather than high profile.

Example: "Mary, great job on the presentation yesterday. It's being seriously considered by the executive team."

HOW YOU TALK WITH AN "C"

What is a "C"? - Compliant

They are dependable, detail oriented problem solvers.

How to Spot a "C":

Conversation: Formal & factual.
Example: "Mr. Hall, where is the justification for your request?"
Pace: Methodical, procedure-driven, analytical.
Example: "Please follow the timeline exactly as it is."
Tone: Business-like, controlled logical, listens quietly & then asks why.
Example: "Our current software is working, why buy the new version?"
Focus: Procedures, accuracy, quality.
Example: "We will ship the parts when they are correct."

Power Cues: Spreadsheets, technical manuals, books, reference materials are sequenced.

How to Talk with a "C":

Approach: Be exact, logical & structured. **Example:** "You will see the proposal begins with an in-depth analysis of our distribution vendors."

Wants: Justification, facts, data & prefers email.

Example: "This report provides the pros & cons as to whether we should be running 2 or 3 shifts."

Pace: Allow time to analyze & strategize.

Provide: Organized, detailed agenda.

Save Them: Interaction & congratulatory attention. Start with Business Overview, purpose, not a friendly anecdote. **Example:** *"As you see in the outline, we will be assessing the viability of the stock."*





